pybpod-gui-plugin-emulator

Release 0.1.2

May 13, 2019

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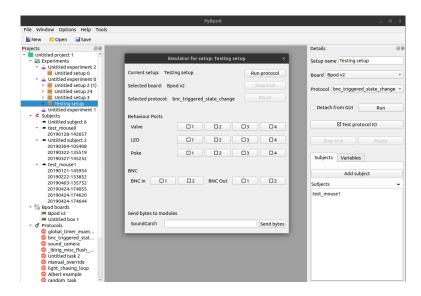


Fig. 1: PyBpod's Main window with the Emulator Window opened

This is the documentation for the Emulator plugin for PyBpod (https://pybpod.readthedocs.io/).

The Emulator plugin allows to override inputs and outputs on a running task protocol.

For further details you can see the *Overview* and the *Usage* pages. For installation instructions please see the *Installation* page.

CHAPTER 1

Contents

1.1 Overview

docs	
package	

Emulator for PyBpod to work with the Bpod's State Machine ports.

At the moment, the Emulator for PyBpod module works by overriding inputs and outputs on a running task protocol. This will interact directly with a running State Machine in Bpod. As such, any event or state change that would occur naturally from any of those input or output changes, will occur.

• Free software: MIT license

1.1.1 Current Features

- Allows to override the Port components (i.e., LED, Poke and Valve)
- BNC In and Out value override
- Wire inputs and outputs override for Bpod 0.7
- Override Serial message for the connected modules (sends a bytes message)
- Messages are sent while the State Machine is running, triggering the events and/or state changes as if the values were coming from the real inputs/outputs.

1.1.2 Installation

Please see Installation page.

1.1.3 Documentation

https://pybpod-gui-plugin-emulator.readthedocs.io/

1.1.4 Development

To run the all tests run:

tox

Note, to combine the coverage data from all the tox environments run:

```
      Windows

      set PYTEST_ADDOPTS=--cov-append

      tox

      Other

      PYTEST_ADDOPTS=--cov-append

      tox
```

1.2 Installation

At the command line, in your environment:

```
pip install pybpod-gui-plugin-emulator
```

Afterwards, configure PyBpod to load the plugin:

- 1. On PyBpod's top menu, go to Options > Edit user settings.
- 2. Add 'pybpod_gui_plugin_emulator' to the end of the GENERIC_EDITOR_PLUGINS_LIST field:

3. Restart PyBpod to load the new plugin.

1.3 Usage

After installing the plugin (please see *Installation*), a new *Test protocol IO* button will appear in each of the already configured Setups.

Warning: At the moment, it is required that a Bpod device is connected to the computer to run the module.

Note: The button will only be *active* when there is both a valid board and protocol selected in the Setup details.

When pressing the button, with a Bpod device connected, the window presented in the next figure will appear.

	PyBpod		_ = ×
File Window Options Help Tools			
📓 New 📁 Open 🖬 Save			
Projects 🛛 🕅			Details @ 5
Untitled project 1			
 Experiments 	Emulator for setup: Testin	g setup ×	Setup name Testing setup
Untitled experiment 2			
Untitled setup 0	Current setup: Testing setup	Run protocol	Board Bpod v2 *
 Untitled experiment 0 			
Untitled setup 2 (1)	Selected board: Bpod v2	Stop trial	Protocol bnc triggered state change *
 Untitled setup 24 Untitled setup 3 		Pause	Therefore and a share of a start
Testing setup	Selected protocol: bnc_triggered_state_chan	ge Pause	
Untitled experiment 1			Detach from GUI Run
 Subjects 	Behaviour Ports		
 Subjects Untitled subject 6 	Benaviour Ports		
 test mouse0 	Valve 01 02	03 04	Test protocol IO
20190128-142657			
 Untitled subject 2 	LED D1 D2	03 04	Stop trial Pause
20190304-105408			
20190322-135519	Poke 🛛 🗂 🗆 Z	03 04	
20190327-145252			Subjects Variables
 test_mouse1 			
20190121-145954	BNC		Add subject
20190222-133852	BNC In 1 2 BNC Out		Add Jubjecc
20190403-135752			Subjects -
20190424-174055			test mouse1
20190424-174620			dest_mouser
20190424-174644			
 Bpod boards Bpod v2 	Send bytes to modules		
Bpod v2	send bytes to modules		
* of Protocols	SoundCard1	Send bytes	
Ø global_timer_exam			
o bnc triggered stat			
o sound camera			
iblrig misc flush			
Ontitled task 2			
@ manual_override			
Iight_chasing_loop			
Ø Albert example			
💿 random task 🛛 👻			

Fig. 1: PyBpod's Main window with the Emulator Window opened

At the top of the window it is possible to see the selected Setup, the selected Board and protocol. The buttons that are also available in the Setup details of PyBpod are also available in the Emulator window (i.e., Run, Stop trial and Pause).

Afterwards, a section with the Behaviour Ports is presented with three rows of buttons, each button for each available port. Each row represents the Valve, LED and the Poke.

Note: The Emulator window will **adapt automatically** depending on the Bpod device version connected. For example, when connecting a Bpod v0.7, each row for the Behaviour Ports will present 8 buttons, representing the 8 Behaviour Ports available in that model.

After the Behaviour Ports, a section with the BNC connections is displayed, with two buttons for the inputs and two for the outputs.

For Bpod v0.7 a new section with the Wire connections will appear after the BNC connections as it is possible to see in the next figure.

Emulator for setup:	Testing setup	×		
Current setup: Testing setup	Run p	rotocol		
Selected board: Bpod v2				
Selected protocol: global_timer_example		use		
Behaviour Ports				
Valve 1 2 3 4	5 6	07 08		
LED 01 02 03 04	5 6	07 08		
Poke 1 2 3 4	0506	07 08		
BNC				
BNC In	BNC Out	1 2		
Wire				
Wire In	ut 🛛 1	2 3		
Send bytes to modules				
SoundCard1		Send bytes		

Fig. 2: Emulator Window for Bpod v0.7

When modules are connected to Bpod, they will also show up at the bottom of the window so it will be possible to send serial messages to those modules using the Emulator.

1.3.1 Interaction

To use the Emulator it is required, at the moment, that a device is connected and that a protocol is running. As such, the first step is to run the protocol using the appropriate button.

While the protocol is running, when pressing the different buttons for different actions, different events will be triggered.

As an example, if the Poke button 1 is pressed once (active state), it will trigger the 'Port1In' event. If pressed again (disabled state), it will trigger the 'Port1Out' event. As such, when running the example protocol presented below, which changes state when the 'Port1Out' event occurs, the PWM1 output channel (LED) will be turned on during the 3 seconds duration of the state 'Port3LightOn'. When pressing the Poke button 1 twice, both the 'Port1In' and 'Port1Out' events are triggered by Bpod as if there was a real interaction in the Poke of the Behaviour Port.

```
from pybpodapi.protocol import Bpod, StateMachine
my_bpod = Bpod()
sma = StateMachine(my_bpod)
sma.add_state(
   state_name='Port1LightOn',
   state_timer=1,
    state_change_conditions={Bpod.Events.Port1Out: 'Port3LightOn'},
   output_actions=[])
sma.add_state(
    state_name='Port3LightOn',
    state_timer=3,
    state_change_conditions={Bpod.Events.Tup: 'exit'},
    output_actions=[(Bpod.OutputChannels.PWM1, 255)])
my_bpod.send_state_machine(sma)
my_bpod.run_state_machine(sma)
print("Current trial info: {0}".format(my_bpod.session.current_trial))
my_bpod.close()
```

As it can be seen from this example, the protocol written can be used either with the plugin or directly, with no changes necessary to test the input and output ports and if the events are being triggered as expected.

The available input and output channel names, as well as the event names, for both the Bpod v0.7 and Bpod v2 are presented in the next sections.

Note: For either case of the Bpod's hardware version, it is assumed that firmware version 22 is installed.

1.3.2 Input channel names

Input channel	Bpod v0.7	Bpod v2
Serial1	\checkmark	\checkmark
Serial2	\checkmark	\checkmark

Input channel	Bpod v0.7	Bpod v2	
Serial3	\checkmark	\checkmark	
Serial4		\checkmark	
Serial5		\checkmark	
USB1	\checkmark	\checkmark	
BNC1	\checkmark	\checkmark	
BNC2	\checkmark	\checkmark	
Wire1	\checkmark		
Wire2	\checkmark		
Port1	\checkmark	\checkmark	
Port2	\checkmark	\checkmark	
Port3	\checkmark	\checkmark	
Port4	\checkmark	\checkmark	
Port5	\checkmark		
Port6	\checkmark		
Port7	\checkmark		
Port8	\checkmark		
GlobalTimer1	\checkmark	\checkmark	
GlobalTimer2	\checkmark	\checkmark	
GlobalTimer3	\checkmark	\checkmark	
GlobalTimer4	\checkmark	\checkmark	
GlobalTimer5	\checkmark	\checkmark	
GlobalTimer6		\checkmark	
GlobalTimer7		\checkmark	
GlobalTimer8		\checkmark	
GlobalTimer9		\checkmark	
GlobalTimer10		\checkmark	
GlobalTimer11		\checkmark	
GlobalTimer12		\checkmark	
GlobalTimer13		\checkmark	
GlobalTimer14		\checkmark	
GlobalTimer15		\checkmark	
GlobalTimer16		\checkmark	

Table 1 – continued from previous pa	ae
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1.3.3 Output channel names

Output channel	Bpod v0.7	Bpod v2	
Serial1	\checkmark	\checkmark	
Serial2	\checkmark	\checkmark	
Serial3	\checkmark	\checkmark	
Serial4		\checkmark	
Serial5		\checkmark	
SoftCode	\checkmark	\checkmark	
BNC1	\checkmark	\checkmark	
BNC2	\checkmark	\checkmark	
Wire1	\checkmark		
Wire2	\checkmark		
Wire3	\checkmark		
PWM1	\checkmark	\checkmark	

Output channel	Bpod v0.7	Bpod v2	
PWM2	\checkmark	\checkmark	
PWM3	\checkmark	\checkmark	
PWM4	\checkmark	\checkmark	
PWM5	\checkmark		
PWM6	\checkmark		
PWM7	\checkmark		
PWM8	\checkmark		
Valve1	\checkmark	\checkmark	
Valve2	\checkmark	\checkmark	
Valve3	\checkmark	\checkmark	
Valve4	\checkmark	\checkmark	
Valve5	\checkmark		
Valve6	\checkmark		
Valve7	\checkmark		
Valve8	\checkmark		
GlobalTimerTrig	\checkmark	\checkmark	
GlobalTimerCancel	\checkmark	\checkmark	
GlobalCounterReset	\checkmark	\checkmark	

Table 2 – continued from previous page

1.3.4 Event names

Note: In the following table, to reduce the size of the table, a convention was defined to aggregate several names of the events. For example, where it can be read Serial1_[1-15], it means that we can have Serial1_1, Serial1_2, until Serial1_15.

Event names	Bpod v0.7	Bpod v2	
Serial1_[1-15]	\checkmark	\checkmark	
Serial2_[1-15]	\checkmark	\checkmark	
Serial3_[1-15]	\checkmark	\checkmark	
Serial4_[1-15]		\checkmark	-
Serial5_[1-15]		\checkmark	
SoftCode[1-15]	\checkmark	\checkmark	
BNC1High	\checkmark	\checkmark	
BNC1Low	\checkmark	\checkmark	
BNC2High	\checkmark	\checkmark	
BNC2Low	\checkmark	\checkmark	
Port1In	\checkmark	\checkmark	-
Port1Out	\checkmark	\checkmark	
Port2In	\checkmark	\checkmark	
Port2Out	\checkmark	\checkmark	
Port3In	\checkmark	\checkmark	
Port3Out	\checkmark	\checkmark	
Port4In	\checkmark	\checkmark	
Port4Out	\checkmark	\checkmark	
Port5In	\checkmark		
Port5Out	\checkmark		
Port6In	\checkmark		

Event names	Bpod v0.7	Bpod v2
Port6Out		
Port7In		
Port7Out	V 	
Port8In	V 	
Port8Out	 ✓	
GlobalTimer1_Start	\checkmark	\checkmark
GlobalTimer2_Start	 ✓	V ✓
GlobalTimer3_Start	\checkmark	
GlobalTimer4_Start		\checkmark
GlobalTimer5_Start	\checkmark	✓ ✓ ✓
GlobalTimer6 Start	• •	
_		<i>✓</i>
GlobalTimer7_Start		<i>✓</i>
GlobalTimer8_Start		√
GlobalTimer9_Start		√
GlobalTimer10_Start		✓
GlobalTimer11_Start GlobalTimer12 Start		✓
		√
GlobalTimer13_Start		<i>√</i>
GlobalTimer14_Start		✓
GlobalTimer15_Start		\checkmark
GlobalTimer16_Start		\checkmark
GlobalTimer1_End	✓	✓
GlobalTimer2_End	\checkmark	✓
GlobalTimer3_End	✓	✓
GlobalTimer4_End	✓	✓
GlobalTimer5_End	✓	✓
GlobalTimer6_End		✓
GlobalTimer7_End		√
GlobalTimer8_End		√
GlobalTimer9_End		✓
GlobalTimer10_End		✓
GlobalTimer11_End		✓
GlobalTimer12_End		\checkmark
GlobalTimer13_End		\checkmark
GlobalTimer14_End		\checkmark
GlobalTimer15_End		\checkmark
GlobalTimer16_End		\checkmark
GlobalCounter1_End	\checkmark	\checkmark
GlobalCounter2_End	\checkmark	\checkmark
GlobalCounter3_End	\checkmark	\checkmark
GlobalCounter4_End	\checkmark	\checkmark
GlobalCounter5_End	 ✓ 	\checkmark
GlobalCounter6_End		\checkmark
GlobalCounter7_End		\checkmark
GlobalCounter8_End		\checkmark
Condition1	\checkmark	\checkmark
Condition2	\checkmark	\checkmark
Condition3	\checkmark	\checkmark
Condition4	\checkmark	\checkmark
	I	Continued on next page

Table	3 – continued from previous page

Event names	Bpod v0.7	Bpod v2	
Condition5	 ✓ 	\checkmark	
Condition6		\checkmark	
Condition7		\checkmark	
Condition8		\checkmark	
Condition9		\checkmark	
Condition10		\checkmark	
Condition11		\checkmark	
Condition12		\checkmark	
Condition13		\checkmark	
Condition14		\checkmark	
Condition15		\checkmark	
Condition16		\checkmark	
Tup	\checkmark	\checkmark	

Table 3 – continued from previous page

1.4 Reference

1.4.1 pybpod_gui_plugin_emulator

```
class pybpod_gui_plugin_emulator.EmulatorGUI (parent_win=None)
```

 $Bases: \verb"pyforms_gui.basewidget.BaseWidget"$

Main GUI for the Emulator module. This GUI window adapts automatically to the different Bpod versions that are connected to the computer to present correctly the number of Ports available as well as the connected modules to the Bpod modules ports.

Parameters parent_win – The Setup object reference that this Emulator will be associated.

${\tt show}()$

Overrides the BaseWidget implementation of the show method in order to update the textual information of the board and protocol used, in case of being updated in the main window after creation of this EmulatorGUI window. :return:

update_board(board)

Method to update the board name :param board: The Board to be used to update the information in the UI, if available. :return:

```
update_task(task)
```

Method to update the task name :param task: The Task to be used to update the information in the UI, if available. :return:

1.5 Contributing

Contributions are welcome, and they are greatly appreciated! Every little bit helps, and credit will always be given.

1.5.1 Bug reports

When reporting a bug please include:

• Your operating system name and version.

- Any details about your local setup that might be helpful in troubleshooting.
- Detailed steps to reproduce the bug.

1.5.2 Documentation improvements

pybpod-gui-plugin-emulator could always use more documentation, whether as part of the official pybpod-gui-pluginemulator docs, in docstrings, or even on the web in blog posts, articles, and such.

1.5.3 Feature requests and feedback

The best way to send feedback is to file an issue at https://bitbucket.org/fchampalimaud/pybpod-gui-plugin-emulator/ issues.

If you are proposing a feature:

- Explain in detail how it would work.
- Keep the scope as narrow as possible, to make it easier to implement.
- Remember that this is a volunteer-driven project, and that code contributions are welcome :)

1.5.4 Development

To set up pybpod-gui-plugin-emulator for local development:

- 1. Fork pybpod-gui-plugin-emulator (look for the "Fork" button).
- 2. Clone your fork locally:

```
git clone https://your_name_here@bitbucket.com:fchampalimaud/pybpod-gui-plugin-

→emulator/pybpod-gui-plugin-emulator.git
```

3. Create a branch for local development:

git checkout -b name-of-your-bugfix-or-feature

Now you can make your changes locally.

4. When you're done making changes, run all the checks, doc builder and spell checker with tox one command:

```
tox
```

5. Commit your changes and push your branch to GitHub:

```
git add .
git commit -m "Your detailed description of your changes."
git push origin name-of-your-bugfix-or-feature
```

6. Submit a pull request through the GitHub website.

Pull Request Guidelines

If you need some code review or feedback while you're developing the code just make the pull request.

For merging, you should:

- 1. Include passing tests $(run tox)^1$.
- 2. Update documentation when there's new API, functionality etc.
- 3. Add a note to CHANGELOG.rst about the changes.
- 4. Add yourself to AUTHORS.rst.

Tips

To run a subset of tests:

tox -e envname -- pytest -k test_myfeature

To run all the test environments in *parallel* (you need to pip install detox):

detox

1.6 Authors

• Luís Teixeira

1.7 Changelog

1.7.1 0.1.0 (2019-05-03)

- First release on PyPI.
- Added support for Bpod version detection and automatic UI adaptation to the different input/output ports and connected modules
- Ports components can be overriden (i.e., LED, Poke and Valve)
- BNC In and Out value override
- Wire inputs and outputs override for Bpod 0.7
- Override Serial message for the connected modules (bytes message)

1.8 Indices and tables

- genindex
- modindex
- search

It will be slower though ...

 $^{^{1}}$ If you don't have all the necessary python versions available locally you can rely on Travis - it will run the tests for each change you add in the pull request.

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